

YEAR 8 HOME LEARNING - cycle 6



Homework is given as part of a 3 week cycle

1. Week 1 – create flashcards
2. Week 2 – look, say, cover, write check (using the flashcards created in week 1)
3. Week 3 – Brain dump - a check to see how much you have learned

On week 1 of every cycle, you will be emailed the work to learn which are usually key words for that subject. We will also upload them to the website (Homework) and to MCAS under Important Documents. The point of the homework is to teach students how to revise effectively and to build up key vocabulary for each of their core subjects.

Here is the work per subject for this 3 week cycle

ENGLISH – Learn the following key words

Gothic tradition	Foreshadowing	A warning, hint or sign of something that will happen
	Cyclical Structure	A story that follows a circular pattern. The story starts and ends in a similar way.
	Juxtaposition	the idea of placing two things together so we can see the contrast between them.

SCIENCE – Learn the following key words

Practical Vocab	Ecosystem	A community or organisms together within their environment.
	Classification	The grouping of organisms based on their characteristics.
	Interdependence	Organisms depending on each other for survival.

MATHS – Learn the following key words

Algebra	Arithmetic sequence	A sequence where the difference between one term and the next is a constant. E.g. 1, 4, 7, 10, 13
	Nth term	The position of a term in a sequence, this rule can work out any term in a sequence. Finding the nth term: https://youtu.be/gnVVTBAfNu4

GEOGRAPHY – Learn the following key words

Natural Hazards	Extreme Weather	Extreme weather refers to severe or unusual weather conditions, such as hurricanes, heatwaves, blizzards, and heavy rainfall.
	Constructive plate margin	Where tectonic plates move away from each other
	Destructive plate margin	Where tectonic plates move towards each other

HISTORY – Learn the following key words

Industrial revolution and British Empire	Reform	A reform is a change made to something, usually to make it better or fairer. For example, if a law is unfair, people might want a reform to improve it.
	Chartism	Chartism was a movement in the 1800s where people in Britain wanted to change the way the government worked. They wanted everyone, not just rich people, to have the right to vote.
	Commission	A commission is a special group of people chosen to investigate, study, or make decisions about something important. For example, a government might set up a commission to solve a big problem.

SPANISH – Learn the following key words

SETS 1,2,3 & 4

**List 27 from the vocabulary
booklet
activities**

El primer día on the first day
El último día on the last day
Escuché música I listened to music
Fui de excursión I went on a trip
Fui a la playa I went to the beach
Fui a la piscina I went to the swimming pool
Jugué al voleibol I played volleyball
Descansé I relaxed
Mandé mensajes/SMSI sent messages
Saqué fotos I took photos
Tomé el sol I sunbathed
Visité monumentos I visited monuments
Visité museos I visited museums
Monté en bici I rode a bike
Nadé en el mar I swam in the sea
Compré una camiseta I bought a T-shirt

**List 29 from the vocabulary
booklet
activities**

Bebí una limonada. I drank a lemonade.
Comí paella. I ate paella.
Conocí a un chico guapo. I met a good looking boy.
Conocí a una chica guapa. I met a Good looking girl.
Escribí SMS. I wrote texts.
Salí con mi hermano. I went out with my brother.
Vi un castillo interesante. I saw an interesting castle.

SETS 5,6 & 7

<p>List 23 from the vocabulary booklet Past tense, AR verbs</p>	<p>bailé escuché jugué saqué tomé visité nadé monté</p>	<p>I danced I listened I played I took (photos) I took (sun) I visited I swam</p>	<p>I rode</p>
<p>List 26 from the vocabulary booklet Past Tense, ER & IR verbs</p>	<p>comí bebí conocí salí vi</p>	<p>I ate I drank I met I went out</p>	<p>I saw</p>