

<u>Y8 Half-term 1</u>

Science homework booklet Core questions

How to use:

1 - **Copy** the answers once into your **knowledge organiser** to help you to learn them.

2 - Fold the page in **half** so that you can only see the questions, and write the answers out **again from memory**.

3 - Show your knowledge organiser to your teacher on the specified due date. You should show them **TWO** sets of answers to each question.

That's it!

Teacher's name:

Topic: Forces (Y7 topic continued into Y8)

Date due:_____

| No. | Question | Answer |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | What is a force? | A pull, push or twist |
| 2 | A force can change the shape, direction, and what else of an object? | Speed |
| 3 | How do we represent different forces on a diagram? | Arrows from where the force begins |
| 4 | The bigger the arrow, the the force? | Larger |
| 5 | What is the unit for force? | Newton |
| 6 | What is the unit symbol for force? | N (capital) |
| 7 | What apparatus is used to measure forces? | Newton meter |
| 8 | A vector has magnitude and what other component? | Direction |
| 9 | What is a contact force? | A force that acts on objects that are touching |

Topic: Forces (Y7 topic continued into Y8)

Date due:_____

| 9 | What is a non-contact force? | A force that acts on objects that are not touching |
|----|---|---|
| 10 | State one example of a contact force. | Any one from: Friction, air resistance, tension, normal force |
| 11 | State one example of a non-contact force. | Any one from: Magnetic force, gravitational force, weight electrostatic force |
| 12 | What do we call the support force provided by a solid surface? | Reaction force. |
| 13 | What is the term for increasing the length of an object? | Extension |
| 14 | Hooke's Law can also be called the limit of? | Proportionality |
| 15 | What is it called when a material gets to beyond a point which it will not return to its original length after being extended or compressed? | Limit of proportionality |
| 16 | Describe the shape of the graph for Hooke's law (extension against force) | Straight line |

Topic: Forces (Y7 topic continued into Y8)

Date due:_____

| 17 | Does friction act in the opposite or same way as the direction of motion? | Opposite |
|----|--|-------------------|
| 18 | In car brakes would friction be useful or not? | Useful |
| 19 | How can friction be reduced? | Lubrication |
| 20 | What is a fluid? | A liquid or a gas |
| 21 | What do we call the resistance force caused by the motion of a body through a fluid? | Drag |
| 22 | If an object has a big surface area would it have a large or small drag force? | Large |
| 23 | What effect would making an object more streamlined have on the drag force? | Reduce it |
| 24 | What do we call the reaction force of a liquid on an object's weight | Up-thrust |
| 25 | What happens to an object if it is more dense than water | It sinks |
| 26 | Is air more or less dense than water? | Less |

Topic: Separating mixtures Date due:_____

| No. | Question | Answer |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | What is an element? | A substance made up of only one type of atom |
| 2 | What is a compound? | Two or more different types of atom chemically bonded together |
| 3 | What is a mixture? | Different substances together but not chemically bonded |
| 4 | What is a molecule? | Two or more atoms chemically bonded together |
| 5 | Is O ₂ an element, compound or mixture? | Element |
| 6 | Is CO2 an element, compound or mixture? | Compound |
| 7 | Is N ₂ an element, compound or mixture? | Element |
| 8 | Is NH4 an element, compound or mixture? | Compound |

Topic: Separating mixtures

| Date | due: |
|------|------|
|------|------|

| No. | Question | Answer |
|-----|---|-------------|
| 9 | What is the name for the compound formed when any element reacts with oxygen? | Oxide |
| 10 | What is the name for the compound formed when any element reacts with chlorine? | Chloride |
| 11 | What is the name for the compound formed when any element reacts with bromine? | Bromide |
| 12 | What is the name for the compound formed when any element reacts with sulfur? | Sulfide |
| 13 | Is sand and water an example of an element, compound, or mixture? | Mixture |
| 14 | Is salt and water an example of an element, compound, or mixture? | Mixture |
| 15 | What is the name of the process for separating sand and water? | Filtration |
| 16 | What process would allow you to collect the salt from salt water? | Evaporation |

Topic: Separating mixtures Date due:_____

| No. | Question | Answer |
|-----|---|---|
| 17 | What is left behind from a solution when it evaporates? | Crystals |
| 18 | What is the name of the piece of equipment in which filter paper sits for filtration? | Funnel |
| 19 | What is the name of the process for separating a mixture via evaporation and condensation? | Distillation |
| 20 | What is the name for the process of a liquid turning into a gas? | Evaporation |
| 21 | What is the name for the process of a gas turning into a liquid? | Condensation |
| 22 | Define the term "boiling point". | The temperature at which a liquid turns to vapour/gas |
| 23 | What is the name for a technique used to separate mixture by passing it in solution or suspension through a medium in which the components move at different rates? | Chromatography |
| 24 | What is the name for a visible record showing the result of separating the components of a mixture by chromatography? | Chromatogram |