

Meden School Curriculum Planning							
Subject	PD	Year Group	7	Sequence No.	4	Topic	4

Retrieval	Core Knowledge
What do teachers need <b>retrieve</b> from students before they start teaching <b>new content</b> ?	What <b>specific ambitious knowledge</b> do teachers need teach students in this sequence of learning?
<p>Where have you learned about prejudice and discrimination this year?</p> <p>What do you remember about laws and marriage? How do laws play a role in protecting people?</p>	<p><b><u>Rights and responsibilities online.</u></b> What do they mean?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Online Rights – Online rights are those human rights and legal rights that allow individuals to access, use, create, and publish digital media or to access and use computers, other electronic devices, and telecommunications networks.</li> <li>• Online responsibilities - Being a responsible digital citizen means having the online social skills to take part in online community life in an ethical and respectful way. ... thinking about how your online activities affect yourself, other people you know, and the wider online community.</li> </ul> <p><a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HxySrSbSY7o">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HxySrSbSY7o</a> Keeping passwords safe, not talking to people you don't know online, not being involved in online bullying.</p> <p>List of online rights and responsibilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To protect my privacy, feel safe and enjoy the internet.</li> <li>• To preserve the right to control my personal data online.</li> <li>• Not to be harassed/bullied on the internet.</li> <li>• To easily report anything that worries/upsets/disturbs me on the internet to the competent internet providers.</li> <li>• To learn how to stay safe on the internet.</li> <li>• To be able to find quality online content and not to be confronted with unpleasant or hurtful things on the internet.</li> <li>• To be able to play and talk with my friends on the internet.</li> <li>• To help my friends stay safe on the internet.</li> <li>• To be able to tell someone I trust if something has worried me on the internet.</li> <li>• To be able to create my own content on the internet.</li> </ul>

Where have we talked about British values before? What are British values?

ME DEN SCHOOL

Talk Task: the internet is completely bad for young people today.

**S H A P E**  
SHARE HEAR AGREE PARTICIPATE EXPRESS CONNECT

**Daisy**  
I disagree as the internet can be great for allowing me to talk with friends.

**Tom**  
I agree because it means that young people spend less time outside and communicating in person.

**Lacey**  
I disagree because the internet is great for homework.

**Roger**  
I disagree as we can stay safe online and use it for good.

ASPIRATION EXCELLENCE ACHIEVE

What have you learned about bullying this year? Who can you tell if you think someone is being bullied?

Just like with all human rights, there are laws to ensure that you are upholding the acceptable behaviours, that you are following what is deemed by society to be acceptable.

And the laws are there to protect you and other people from the potential risks that come with not following those acceptable behaviours.

Some of the unacceptable behaviours are not just against the terms and conditions but they are illegal.

For example hate speech, being abusive or being threatening online, might lead to someone being prosecuted in a court of law.

If somebody is continually posting an abusive, threatening or hate speech online, you can take that to the police. Keep the evidence and take it with you.

#### **How can I look after my physical health? Dental and sun safety**

Young people should brush their teeth twice a day and should floss before brushing. The toothpaste used should contain between 1350-1500ppm fluoride.

It is recommended that water and plain milk are drunk during the school day.

After eating, a period of demineralisation starts to damage the tooth surface. It is important to limit the amount of demineralisation time after eating and increasing the amount of remineralisation time. For this reason it is recommended that high sugar items, such as fruits juices, only be consumed once a day, with a meal.

Young people should visit their dentist for a regular check-up.

KS3 students may be influenced to whiten their teeth. This procedure is purely cosmetic. It should only be performed by trained dental professional. Some beauticians may offer this service, however it is illegal for them to do so.

<p>Where have you look at physical health before? What other subjects could this link to?</p> <p>A reminder of what the British Values are and how it could link to this lesson</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Skin cancer is one of the most common cancers in the world.</li> <li>• A form of skin cancer is melanoma</li> </ul> <p>What causes melanoma?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exposure to ultraviolet (UV) light from the sun is thought to cause most melanomas, but there's evidence to suggest that some may result from sunbed exposure.</li> </ul> <p>The type of sun exposure that causes melanoma is sudden intense exposure. For example, while on holiday, which leads to sunburn.</p> <p>The 4 fundamental British values are:</p> <p>Democracy Rule of Law Respect &amp; Tolerance Individual Liberty</p> <p>This lesson links to Individual Liberty – you have the freedom to make choices but know that these choices can impact your wellbeing and quality of life (how happy you are).</p> <p>Where to access support.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The NHS Choices website has advice on dental health. <a href="http://www.nhs.uk">www.nhs.uk</a></li> <li>• The Change4Life website has advice for making healthy choices. <a href="http://www.nhs.uk/change4life">www.nhs.uk/change4life</a></li> <li>• NHS Direct (Tel: 111) can be called for non-urgent medical issues or for further information.</li> <li>• Signs of skin cancer – see your GP at the doctors and get it checked out.</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Why is it important to challenge homophobia?</u></b></p> <p>What does it mean?</p> <p>Homophobia means dislike of or prejudice against gay people. Prejudice is having an opinion on something/someone that is not based on reason or experience.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Good that homosexuality is legal in 113 countries given the history of persecution of homosexuals throughout history. But there is still a massive amount of work to be done given that it is still illegal to be gay in 78 countries around the world. The fact that gay people are executed in five countries is shocking and needs to be changed through campaigning and protest.</li> <li>2. Homosexuality is illegal in 78 countries due to socio-cultural factors, for example religious beliefs and policies. Some countries ban homosexuality due to cultural practices and beliefs.</li> </ol>
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Which other subjects in Year 7 teach you about online safety? Why is it important to protect yourself online?

What are ways in which you can protect yourself online?

3. It's unfair as it is not a choice to be gay and to persecute someone for being themselves is terrible.

What should the punishment be for being homophobic? Talk to your partners! (think about British law and our values.)

- Homophobic comments or attacks (in person and online) are charged under the law as a hate crime.
- Anyone can be the victim of a homophobic or transphobic hate incident.
- When someone is charged with a homophobic or transphobic hate crime, the judge can impose a tougher sentence on the offender under the Criminal Justice Act 2003.

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/av/uk-wales-60324137>

Experiences of LGBTQ+ pupils in schools in Wales.

**ME DEN SCHOOL**

**Talk Task: Homophobia has been completely eradicated (gotten rid of) from society.**

**SHAPE**

**Daisy**  
I disagree as some people are still uneducated on homophobia.

**Tom**  
I agree because things are much better than what they were.

**Lacey**  
I disagree because there is still a lot we can do to improve.

**Roger**  
I disagree as the LGBTQ+ community is still targeted.

**ASPIRATION EXCELLENCE ACHIEVE**

It is important to challenge homophobia because some countries still ban homosexuality, which needs to be challenged as people should not be persecuted for being themselves. Furthermore, in some countries gay people are executed for being homosexual, capital punishment is only used in certain countries and there are campaigns across the world to ban this. Hate crimes, abuse and violence also need to be challenged so that homophobia doesn't become normalised.

**Recognising your money personality**

<p>Where have you looked at numbers and money before? This can link to your maths lessons.</p>	<p>The final curriculum has been designed and adapted using the Barclays life skills resources. The lesson looks at how to manage money through financial planning.</p> <p>Top tips</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Some needs or wants are small decisions, like whether to buy lunch out, or get a new phone. Some are larger, like buying a home of your own</li><li>2. How you decide to pay for these can affect you for months, or even years. You might want to save beforehand; you might need to borrow the money and then pay it back, with interest</li><li>3. Thinking ahead helps you identify which needs and wants you'll need to plan for, so you're ready to make the right choices about how to pay</li><li>4. You can use independent apps or online and mobile services offered by your bank to help you plan and manage your money</li></ol>
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