`Meden School Curriculum Planning							
Subject	English	Year Group	8	Sequence No.	3	Topic	Shakespeare

Retrieval	Core Knowledge	Student Thinking
What do teachers need retrieve from students before they start teaching new content?	What specific ambitious knowledge do teachers need teach students in this sequence of learning?	What real life examples can be applied to this sequence of learning to development of our students thinking, encouraging them to see the inequalities around them and 'do something about them!'
-Romeo and Juliet unit in Y8- what is patriarchy? What was life like for women in Elizabethan England?	 Elizabethan superstitions and beliefs around fairies, witchcraft and magic. https://www.bl.uk/shakespeare/articles/fairies-re-fashioned-in-amidsummer-nights-dream 	Patriarchal society- the pay gap/ treatment of women in Eastern societies today by families
Myths and legends- Theseus/ the role of rulers	 Myth, folklore and classical references in the play: the characters of Robin Goodfellow, King Oberon, Theseus, Hippolyta/ the classical play Pyramus and Thisbe 	Relationships- considering healthy relationships (look at how the lovers treat one another when they are NOT in love)
Who is Theseus? Who are Egeus and Hermia? What is patriarchal society? What did Elizabethans believe about	https://www.britannica.com/topic/Pyramus https://www.britannica.com/topic/Theseus-Greek-hero https://www.greekmythology.com/Myths/Mortals/Hippolyta/hippolyta.html https://www.bl.uk/collection-items/robin-goodfellow-his-mad-pranks-and-merry-jests-1639	Gender roles- masculinity (male characters have more agency in the play than women)
magic/ superstitions? Who loves who in the play?	☐ Features of Elizabethan/ Shakespearian comedy: Shakespeare's insults and farce as a subgenre of comedy https://www.bl.uk/shakespeare/articles/an-introduction-to-shakespeares-comedy	
Week 3 Who is Theseus? Who are Egeus and Hermia? What is patriarchal society? What did Elizabethans believe about magic/ superstitions? Who loves who in the play?	 □ Act 1 Scene 1- Theseus as a powerful ruler. How Theseus uses language to present his own power (his use of imperative commands, modal verbs and possessive adjectives) □ Act 1 Scene 1- What is the patriarchy and how is it shown through Egeus and Hermia's paternal relationship? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z2wp34j/revision/3 	

		Act 1 Cong 1 the loverer Who Harmis laves who loves Harmis who	
		Act 1 Scene 1- the lovers: Who Hermia loves, who loves Hermia, who	
Mark 4		Helena loves. How do Hermia and Lysander show their love through	
Week 4		their language? (Introduce students through modelling to writing using	
		what/how/why).	
WHo are the Mechanicals?			
Who is Puck and what is he known for?		Act 1 Scene 2- The Mechanicals and comic relief. Explore how	
What is the quarrel between Oberon		Shakespeare breaks up the serious drama of Egeus/ Hermia to juxtapose	
and Titania?		this against the Mechanicals use of farce. Bottom as a tool to drive	
Who belongs to the fairy world?		forward the comedy (particularly him wanting to play every part!)	
Who belongs to the Athenian world?	https://\	vww.bl.uk/shakespeare/articles/mechanicals-in-a-midsummer-nights-	
	dream		
Week 5		Act 2.1- Introducing the fairy world: Puck's presentation in the opening	
		of the scene as a mischievous character through his dialogue with the	
What is unrequited love?		fairy.	
Who does Helena love?		Act 2.1- Through Puck's dialogue- exploring what Oberon and Titania's	
Who does Demetrius love?		quarrel and plan is, and analysing his dialogue to understand how the	
		use of rhyming couplets contributes to creating a spell-like sound.	
Week 6			
	?	Introducing the characters of Oberon and Titania in 2:1- how does	
What is a symbol?		Shakespeare present their relationship? (They are in a huge quarrel!)	
What is a theme?	?	Unrequited love- what it is, where we might have seen it so far (Helena	
Who receives a dose of the love		and Demetrius/ Demetrius and Hermia) and how we see this in 2:1	
potion?		through Helena's love for Demetrius.	
Who loves who at the end of Act 2.2?	?	Unrequited love as a tool to create comedy in 2.1- Helena's desperate	
		love for Demetrius carries lots of comedy. Students need to explore	
Week 7		Helena's love (unrequited!) and think about how Shakespeare uses	
		language to present unrequited love in 2,1. (Students and teacher can	
Who has changed since 1.1?		model writing using what/how/why here).	
What is unrequited love?		3 0 -4 - 1 11	
	[?]	Symbolism- what it is as a device in literature/ film/ TV.	
		Sleep and dreams as a symbol in the play (a symbol of unreality)	
Week 8		particularly focusing in Act 2 Scene 2 (Oberon administering the love	
		potion to Titania/ Puck administering the love potion to Lysander in his	
What is farce?		sleep and the case of mistaken identity with Helena)	
Who is transformed in 3.1?	https://v	vww.bl.uk/shakespeare/articles/dream-illusion-and-doubling-in-a-	
Who does Titania love in 3.1?	midsum	<mark>mer-nights-dream</mark>	

Week 9

Who loves who in 3.2? Who does not love who in 3.2? What examples of chaos exist in 3.2?

Week 10

What is the relationship like between Titania and Bottom?
What does Oberon do in 4.2?
What is Theseus's decision regarding the lovers in 4.2?

Week 11

What is the story of Pyramus and Thisbe?
Does the play have resolution?

Week 12

Where have you seen chaoas and disorder in the play?

Weeks 13/14 for assessment prepretrieval quizzes around plot/ character/ theme/ quotes

- The effects of the love potion in in 2:2 on Lysander: his disgust at Hermia following the love potion and his new love for Helena: the theme of transformation in the play. Look at how Lysander's language has changed from 1:1 to now (love to disgust) and his use of insults towards Hermia
- Analyse how Shakespeare presents unrequited love in the play through the character of Hermia in this scene (what/ how/ why paragraphs to be written).

Formative assessment- How does Shakespeare love in the play? Assessment will assess topic sentences/ selecting evidence/ explanation/ selecting words and layers of meaning

- Act 3.1- returning to the farce of the Mechanicals in the woods rehearsing the play, Pyramus and Thisbe. How Shakespeare creates comedy through Bottom's insistence on changing the play so as not to offend the Athenian lords and ladies.
- Act 3.1- Looking at transformation as a theme so far (who/what has been transformed) and transformation in this scene- Bottom being turned into an ass's head by Puck.
- Explore the language of love in 3.1 between Titania (who instantly falls in love with newly transformed Bottom). How does Shakespeare use Titania's dialogue (love language) to create comedy?
- Act 3.2- The chaos of the mistaken love potions (Puck's attempts to remedy the situation create further chaos when Demetrius is given the love potion, falls in love with Helena along with Lysander). How Shakespeare uses the love potion and the lovers to create chaos/disorder.
- Act 3.2- use of insults by all characters (Helena thinking Demetrius is pretending to love her, Demetrius and Lysander arguing over Helena, Lysander's rejection of Helena and Hermia's jealousy of Helena). How the quarrel between the lovers and insults creates comedy.
- Modelling/ practising a question on how Shakespeare uses chaos and disorder to create comedy in the play (focusing particularly on Act 3.2).

- Act 4.1- the fairy world of Titania and her new love Bottom, plus fairies Peaseblossom and Cobweb- students to understand the differences between the fairy world (unreality) and the world of the Athenians (reality). How and why Shakespeare presents the fairy world as otherworldly through Bottom and Titania.
- Act 4.2- Oberon's resolution and his characterisation as a good ruler to resolve the chaos of Titania/ Bottom and the lovers' mistaken identity crisis.
- Act 4.2- the lovers awaken and the resolution (order is restored by Oberon- Hermia and Lysander love each other again/ Demetrius loves Helena/ Theseus allows them to marry). Students need to think about the structural choice here- why do they think Oberon/ Shakespeare resolves the play at this specific part? How and why does he restore order?
- Act 5.1- the performance of Pyramus and Thisbe and how the absurdity/ farce of the performance creates comedy. (Note- students need to watch the performance here as well as read to appreciate the nature of comedy). Consider- How does Shakespeare present the Mechanicals in the performance of Pyramus and Thisbe? How do the audience within the play receive it? How do we as an audience? What impact do the Mechanicals have on the play? (returning to aspect of comic relief and farce)
- Puck's final speech in 5.1- what it means, how he addresses the audience and breaks the fourth wall, how he asks us to consider if what we have seen was part of our own dream. Return to theme of dreams and consider what is their overall function in the play (an alternative to reality/ a form of chaos/ a way to transform).
- Act 5.1- look at chaos and disorder in the scene and in the play as a whole. Is order restored? How? Why?

	Assessment- How does Shakespeare present order and disorder in the play? Assessment will assess topic sentences/ selecting evidence/	
	explanation/ selecting words and layers of meaning	
2	Staging choices- show students clips of performances from the Globe/ RSC/ BBC ask them to consider the effects of different staging choices.	

1	What superstitions did Elizabethans believe?	
	What superstitions and Engagemans believe.	
	What are the mythological and classical	
	references in the play?	
	references in the play!	
	What is comedy? What is a Shakespearian	
	comedy?	
2	How is Theseus presented as powerful in Act	Analytical paragraph answering- How is
	1.1?	Theseus presented as powerful in Act 1.1?
	1.1:	meseus presenteu as powerful in Act 1.1:
	What is the patriarchy and how is it	Notes on patriarchy
	presented in 1:1?	Traces on patharony
	presented in 1.1:	
	How does Shakespeare present love in Act	Analytical paragraph answering- How does
	1.1?	Shakespeare present love in Act 1.1?
3	Who are the Mechanicals and what is	· ·
	comedic about them?	
	comedic about them.	
	How does Shakespeare present the fairy	Analytical paragraph answering- How does
	world in 2.1?	Shakespeare present the fairy world in 2.1?
	WOTIG III 2.11.	Shakespeare present the fairy world in 2.1;
	Why are Oberon and Titania quarrelling?	
	What is Oberon's plan?	
	What is obelon's plan.	

4	How does Shakespeare present the relationship between Oberon and Titania in 2.1? How does Shakespeare present unrequited love in 2.1?	Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare present the relationship between Oberon and Titania in 2.1? Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare present unrequited love in 2.1?
5	What is symbolism? How does Shakespeare use symbolism in Act 2.2? What is important about sleep and dreams in the play?	Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare use symbolism in Act 2.2?
6	How does Shakespeare present transformation in Act 2.2? How does Shakespeare present unrequited love in 2.2? Assessment- How does Shakespeare love in the play?	Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare present transformation in Act 2.2? Assessment will assess topic sentences/ selecting evidence/ explanation/ selecting words and layers of meaning
7	How does Shakespeare use the Mechanicals to create comedy in 3.1? How does Shakespeare present transformation in 3.1?	

	How does Shakespeare present love in Act	Analytical paragraph answering- How does
	3.1?	Shakespeare present love in Act 3.1?
8	Where do you see order and disorder in Act 3.2?	
	How does Shakespeare use insults in 3.2?	
	How does Shakespeare present chaos and disorder in 3.2 and elsewhere in the play?	Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare present chaos and disorder in 3.2 and elsewhere in the play?
9	How does Shakespeare present reality and unreality in Act 4.1?	Analytical paragraph answering- How does Shakespeare present reality and unreality in Act 4.1?
	Is Oberon a good ruler? How does Shakespeare show resolution in 4.1?	
10	What is comedic about the play within a play in Act 5.1?	
	What is the significance of Puck's final speech in 5.1?	Analytical paragraph answering- What is the significance of Puck's final speech in 5.1?
11	How does Shakespeare present order and disorder in 5.1 and elsewhere in the play? (assessment)	
	What effects does different staging have on our interpretation of the play?	

12	